Detection of two unlabeled primary antibodies from the same host species

Example A shows one of the possible protocols used for double labeling two unconjugated primary antibodies from the same host species. For more protocols visit: www.jacksonimmuno.com/technical/products/protocols/double-labeling-same-species-primary.

The success of these experimental designs will require some empirical manipulations. Optimizing reagent concentrations in each step or switching the labeling sequence of the two antigens may influence the outcome.

- Labeling the less abundant primary antibody first increases blocking efficiency.
- Blocking with an appropriate normal serum helps to reduce background.
- To avoid displacement of the Fab antibody by the labeled secondary antibody, a light post-fixation with glutaraldehyde may be used, provided that it does not affect antigenicity of the target proteins.

**Important note:** The monovalent Fab fragments have not been adsorbed to remove cross-reactivities to other species. If the experimental sample contains endogenous immunoglobulins, Example C should be used. Example A or B could introduce background.
1. After blocking with normal serum, incubate with the first primary antibody, in this example Rabbit Anti-Antigen X. Wash.

2. Incubate with excess conjugated secondary antibody, in this example Alexa Fluor® 488-Fab fragment Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L). Wash.

3. Incubate with the second primary antibody, Rabbit Anti-Antigen Y.

4. Incubate with a second conjugated secondary antibody, in this example Rhodamine Red-X-Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L). Wash.

**Application notes:**

1. Monovalent Fab fragments have not been adsorbed against other species, so they may cross-react with endogenous Ig. Use Example C to avoid detection of endogenous Ig.

2. Example A may require a high concentration of conjugated Fab to saturate the first primary antibody. If this results in unacceptable background, try a lower concentration of the conjugated Fab, followed by further blocking with unconjugated Fab.

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**Key**

- **Rabbit Anti-Antigen X**
- **Rabbit Anti-Antigen Y**
- **Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L)**
- **Fab fragment Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L)**
- **Alexa Fluor, 488**
- **Rhodamine Red-X**
- **Antigen X**
- **Antigen Y**